Unit 1. Dinosaurs



Date:		

1. Dinosaurs all had four limbs. But many of them walked on two legs.
(해석)
2. Some of the largest skulls were almost as long as a car.
(해석)
3. All dinosaurs laid eggs—some in nests just like birds do today.
(해석)
4. Babies developed inside eggs until they were ready to hatch.
(해석)



다음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.

and make up everything around us.

Unit 2. Science



다음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.
1. Science helps us understand life, the universe, and almost everything.
(해석)
2. Scientists study a huge variety of things and discover new facts.
(해석)

Date : ______.

3. They studied atoms and discovered that atoms are the tiniest objects

(해석) _____

Unit 3. Advances in Science



다음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.
1. They wanted to solve the problems that life posed.
(해석)
2. The scientists made many great inventions and discoveries, which have
changed the course of history.
(해석)
3. Many scientists have been influenced by Aristotle.
(해석)



Unit 4. Leonardo da Vinci and Galileo Galilei



다음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.
1. Leonardo da Vinci drew plans for helicopters, airplanes, and parachutes.
(해석)
2. Unfortunately, the technology of his time was not good enough to build
any of them.
(해석)
3. Galileo Galilei proved that the earth moves around the sun by looking
at the solar system through a telescope.
(해석)



Unit 5. Isaac Newton and Thomas Edison



Date : ______. ____

다음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.
1. Isaac Newton realized there must be a force that keeps the planets in
orbit around the sun.
(해석)
2. Today, we know this force as gravity.
(해석)
3. At 12, Thomas Edison suffered from scarlet fever and became deaf.
(해석)
4. However, he made more than 1,000 inventions, including long-lasting
light bulbs and batteries.
(해석)



Unit 6. Inventions



다음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.
1. New things that are made or created are called inventions.
(해석)
2. The computer and the car were inventions when they were first made.
(해석)
3. Writers can invent characters and then write stories about them.
(해석)
4. Inventions have made life easier for us. (해석)



Unit 7. South America



다음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.
1. The Andes Mountains on the western side of the continent are the
longest chain of mountains in the world.
(해석)
2. The Amazon River cuts through the South American continent as it
flows from west to east.
(해석)
3. It is the second-longest river in the world after the Nile.
(해석)



Unit 8. Antarctica



Date:		•	

1. About 98% of Antarctica is covered with ice.
(해석)
2. Antarctica, on average, is the coldest, driest, and windiest continent.
(해석)
2 No humans live normananthy in Antarctica
3. No humans live permanently in Antarctica.
(해석)
4. However, scientists live at research stations in Antarctica throughout the
year.
(해석)



다음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.

Unit 9. Australia



나음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.
1. It is the only continent that contains just one nation.
(해석)
2. Partly because so much of it is desert, Australia has the fewest people
of all the continents except Antarctica.
(해석)

Date : ______.



3. Because Australia is far from all of the other continents, its animals

developed without contact with animals from other parts of the world.

(해석) _____

Unit 10. America's Past



Date:		

1. Native Americans were the first people to live in America.
(해석)
2. However, many years later, explorers came to America from Europe.
(해석)
3. While sailing, he thought he was going to the continent of Asia.
(해석)



Unit 11. The Pilgrims



다음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.
1. The Pilgrims were a group of people who traveled from England to
America on a ship called the Mayflower.
(해석)
2. The Pilgrims left England because of religious differences with the
Church of England.
(해석)
3. The Pilgrims built a colony called Plymouth.
(해석)
4. A colony is a place ruled by another country.
(해석)



Unit 12. Slavery



다음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.
1. In the United States of America, many states had laws that allowed
slavery.
(해석)
2. Slavery is the act of taking away people's freedom and forcing them to
work without pay.
(해석)
3. Many people in the northern part of the country wanted laws against
slavery.
(해석)
4. After the war ended in 1865, slavery became against the law.
(해석)



Unit 13. The Boy Who Cried Wolf



Date : ______. ___

다음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.
1. There was once a shepherd boy who watched over a flock of sheep.
(해석)
2. Nearby in the woods lived a wolf that could eat the sheep. Alone all
day, the boy grew bored.
(해석)
3. Panicked, the boy cried, "Wolf! Wolf!" but this time, the villagers paid
no attention to the boy's cries.
(해석)
4. The wolf killed many sheep, and the boy felt guilty.
(해석)



Unit 14. The Maid and the Milk Pail



다음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.
1. Walking along the road, she thought, 'With the money I make from this
milk, I can buy some fat hens.'
(해석)
2. The hens will lay fresh eggs.
(해석)
3. And they will hatch more chickens.
(해석)
4. Forgetting about the pail of milk, Peggy tossed her head, and the milk
spilled and disappeared on the dirt road.
(해석)



Unit 15. Melody and Rhythm



1. When you sing a song, the part that you are singing is the melody.
(해석)
2. Melodies can be played on instruments such as the piano or guitar.
(해석)
3. It is what you play on the drums, clap with your hands, or tap with your
toes while a song is playing.
(해석)



Unit 16. Enjoying Music



다음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.
1. They can go to concerts or listen to music on CDs, computers, and even
mobile phones.
(해석)
2. People also can enjoy music by learning to play instruments such as
the piano, guitar, violin, and flute.
(해석)
3. Making music is not easy, but it is one way to enjoy music.
(해석)



Unit 17. Tahitian Landscape



Date: . .

다음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.
1. In Paul Gauguin's Tahitian Landscape, as you can see, Gauguin used
warm colors.
(해석)
2. He wanted to make us feel the hot sun and see the wide and bright
sky.
(해석)
3. Now look at the Gauguin's painting and point at all the warm colors
you can find.
(해석)



Unit 18. Blue Atmosphere



다음 영어 문장을 읽고, 알맞게 해석해보세요.
1. Some artists only use colors in their paintings without including people
or things.
(해석)
2. Helen Frankenthaler's Blue Atmosphere is a painting made up only of
colors.
(해석)
3. Though the artist called this painting Blue Atmosphere, there is a lot of
red in it.
(해석)
4. The fiery red seems to be pushing back the cool and deep blue.
(해석)



Unit 19. Subtraction



Date:			
Date.	•	•	

1. Subtraction is taking one number away from another.
(해석)
2. It can be written: Five minus two equals three.
(해석)
3. The – sign shows that you are subtracting.
(해석)



Unit 20. The Difference



Date:		•

1. The difference between two numbers is how much bigger one is than
the other.
(해석)
2. The number you have left after you subtract is called the difference.
(해석)
2.71
3. The >, <, and = signs can be used to compare differences as well as
sums.
(해석)

